

Mathematics: NUMBERS & OPERATIONS

TYPES OF NUMBERS

Natural: non-zero positive number with no decimal

▶ 1, 2, 3, ...

Whole: positive number with no decimal

▶ 0, 1, 2, 3, ...

Integer: number with no decimal

▶ ..., -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, ...

Rational: number that can be written as a fraction

▶ $\frac{2}{3}$, -6, 0.725

Real: number that can be placed on a number line

▶ $\frac{2}{3}$, -6, 0.725, π

Imaginary: number that includes i , where $i = \sqrt{-1}$

▶ $3i$, $6 + 2i$

PROPERTIES OF NUMBERS

Commutative property: order doesn't matter

▶ $(-2)(3) = (3)(-2)$

Associative property: parts can be regrouped without changing the result

▶ $-3 + (-5 + 4) = (-3 + -5) + 4$

Distributive property: a product of sums can be written as a sum of products

▶ $a(b + c) = ab + ac$

Identity property: an operation on a produces a

▶ $1 (a \times 1 = a)$; $0 (a + 0 = a)$

ORDER OF OPERATIONS

P ▶ expressions inside parentheses, brackets and braces

E ▶ exponents and square roots

MD ▶ multiplication and division in order from left to right

AS ▶ addition and subtraction in order from left to right

EXPONENTS

$$a^0 = 1$$

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$$

$$a^m a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$(a^m)^n$$

$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$$

$$(ab)^n = a^n b^n$$

$$\frac{a^n}{b} = \frac{a^n}{b^1}$$

UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

Dimension	American	SI
length	inch/foot/yard/mile	meter
mass	ounce/pound/ton	gram
volume	cup/pint/quart/gallon	liter
force	pound-force	newton
pressure	pound-force per square inch	pascal
work and energy	cal/British thermal unit	joule
temperature	Fahrenheit	kelvin

PREFIXES

tera	10^{12}
giga	10^9
mega	10^6
kilo	10^3
hecto	10^2
deca	10^1
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deci	10^{-1}
centi	10^{-2}
milli	10^{-3}
micro	10^{-6}
nano	10^{-9}
pico	10^{-12}

CONVERSION FACTORS

1 in. = 2.54 cm	1 lb. = 0.454 kg
1 yd. = 0.914 m	1 cal = 4.19 J
1 mi. = 1.61 km	$1^\circ\text{F} = \frac{5}{9} (\text{°F} - 32^\circ\text{C})$
1 gal. = 3.785 L	$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ mL}$
1 oz. = 28.35 g	1 hr = 3600 s

FRACTIONS

$$\frac{a}{b} \pm \frac{c}{b} = \frac{a \pm c}{b}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} \times \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ac}{bd}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \left(\frac{d}{c}\right) = \frac{ad}{bc}$$

PROPORTIONS

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \rightarrow ad = bc$$

PERCENTAGES

▶ part = whole \times percent

▶ percent = $\frac{\text{part}}{\text{whole}}$

▶ whole = $\frac{\text{part}}{\text{percent}}$

RADICALS

$$\sqrt[b]{ac} = \sqrt[b]{a^b} \sqrt[b]{c}$$

$$\sqrt[b]{\frac{a}{c}} = \frac{\sqrt[b]{a}}{\sqrt[b]{c}}$$

$$\sqrt[b]{a^c} = a^{\frac{c}{b}}$$

PERCENT CHANGE

▶ amount of change = original amount \times percent change

▶ percent change = $\frac{\text{amount of change}}{\text{original amount}}$

▶ original amount = $\frac{\text{amount of change}}{\text{percent change}}$

SEQUENCES AND SERIES

Arithmetic

$$a_n = a_1 + d(n-1)$$

$$a_n = a_m + d(n-m)$$

$$S_n = \frac{n(a_1 + a_n)}{2}$$

Geometric

$$a_n = a_1 \times r^{n-1}$$

$$a_n = a_m \times r^{n-m}$$

$$S_n = \frac{a_1(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

$$S_\infty = \frac{a}{1-r} (|r| < 1)$$

d = common difference

a_n = n th term

n = number of the term

a_m = m th term

m = number of the term

a_1 = first term

S_n = sum through the n th term

r = the common ratio

S_∞ = sum of all terms